



Company:		Outer Dowsing Offshore Wind			Asset:		Whole Asset	
Project:		Whole Wind Farm			Sub Project/Pa	/Package: Whole		Asset
Document Title or Description:		Outline Guillemot Compensation Implementation and Monitoring Plan						
Internal Document Number:		PP1-ODOW-DEV-CS-PLA-0046_02			3 rd Party Doc No (If applicable):		N/A	
Rev No.	Date		Status / Reason for Issue	Author	Checked by	Review	ed by	Approved by
1.0	March 2024		DCO Application	Outer Dowsing	Outer Dowsing	Shephe Wedde		Outer Dowsing
2.0	September 2025		Request for Information Dated 12 th August 2025	GoBe	Outer Dowsing	Shephe Wedde		Outer Dowsing



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Acronyms & Definitions

Abbreviations / Acronyms

Abbreviation / Acronym	Description
AEol	Adverse effect on integrity
ANS	Artificial Nesting Structure
Defra	Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs
ECC	Export Cable Corridor
ES	Environmental Statement
FFC	Flamborough and Filey Coast
GCP	Guillemot Compensation Plan
GCIMP	Guillemot Compensation Implementation and Monitoring Plan
GCSG	Guillemot Compensation Steering Group
MRF	Marine Recovery Fund
ORCP	Offshore Reactive Compensation Platform
RIAA	Report to Inform Appropriate Assessment
SoS	Secretary of State
SPA	Special Protection Area

Terminology

Term	Definition
The Applicant	GT R4 Ltd. The Applicant making the application for a DCO. The Applicant is GT R4 Limited (a joint venture between Corio Generation (and its affiliates), TotalEnergies and Gulf Energy Development (GULF)), trading as Outer Dowsing Offshore Wind. The project is being developed by Corio Generation (a wholly owned Green Investment Group portfolio company), TotalEnergies and GULF.
Array area	The area offshore within which the generating station (including wind turbine generators (WTG) and inter array cables), offshore accommodation platforms, offshore transformer substations and associated cabling will be positioned.
Baseline	The status of the environment at the time of assessment without the development in place.
Compensatory Measures	Stage 3 of the Habitats Regulations Assessments (see Derogation) involves the development of compensation measures for any features which the report to inform appropriate assessment was unable to conclude no adverse effect on integrity on.
deemed Marine Licence (dML)	A marine licence set out in a Schedule to the Development Consent Order and deemed to have been granted under Part 4 (marine licensing) of the Marine and Coastal Access Act 2009.
Derogation	Stage 3 of the Habitats Regulations Assessments which is triggered once it is determined that you cannot avoid adversely affecting the integrity of a designated site. Involves assessing if alternative solutions are available to



	• OFFSHORE WIND
Term	Definition
	achieve the same goals as the project, if there are imperative reasons of
-	overriding public interest, and if compensatory measures will be required.
Development	An order made under the Planning Act 2008 granting development consent
Consent Order	for a Nationally Significant Infrastructure Project (NSIP) from the Secretary
(DCO)	of State (SoS) for Department for Energy Security and Net Zero (DESNZ).
Effect	Term used to express the consequence of an impact. The significance of an
	effect is determined by correlating the magnitude of an impact with the
	sensitivity of a receptor, in accordance with defined significance criteria.
Evidence Plan	A voluntary process of stakeholder consultation with appropriate Expert
	Topic Groups (ETGs) that discusses and, where possible, agrees the detailed
	approach to the Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) and information
	to support Habitats Regulations Assessment (HRA) for those relevant topics
	included in the process, undertaken during the pre-application period.
Habitats Regulations	A process which helps determine likely significant effects and (where
Assessment (HRA)	appropriate) assesses adverse impacts on the integrity of European
	conservation sites and Ramsar sites. The process consists of up to four
	stages of assessment: screening, appropriate assessment, assessment of
	alternative solutions and assessment of imperative reasons of over-riding
	public interest (IROPI) and compensatory measures.
Mitigation	Mitigation measures, or commitments, are commitments made by the
	Project to reduce and/or eliminate the potential for significant effects to
	arise as a result of the Project. Mitigation measures can be embedded (part
	of the project design) or secondarily added to reduce impacts in the case
	of potentially significant effects.
Offshore Reactive	A structure attached to the seabed by means of a foundation, with one or
Compensation	more decks and a helicopter platform (including bird deterrents) housing
Station (ORCP)	electrical reactors and switchgear for the purpose of the efficient transfer
	of power in the course of HVAC transmission by providing reactive
	compensation
Offshore Substation	A structure attached to the seabed by means of a foundation, with one or
(OSS)	more decks and a helicopter platform (including bird deterrents),
	containing— (a) electrical equipment required to switch, transform,
	convert electricity generated at the wind turbine generators to a higher
	voltage and provide reactive power compensation; and (b) housing
	accommodation, storage, workshop auxiliary equipment, radar and
	facilities for operating, maintaining and controlling the substation or wind
	turbine generators
Outer Dowsing	The Project.
Offshore Wind	
(ODOW)	
Order Limits	The area subject to the application for development consent, the limits
	shown on the works plans within which the Project may be carried out.
Preliminary	The PEIR was written in the style of a draft Environmental Statement (ES)
Environmental	and provided information to support and inform the statutory
	consultation process during the pre-application phase.



Term	Definition
Information Report	
(PEIR)	
The Project	Outer Dowsing Offshore Wind including proposed onshore and offshore
	infrastructure.
The Planning	The agency responsible for operating the planning process for Nationally
Inspectorate	Significant Infrastructure Projects (NSIPs).
Wind turbine	A structure comprising a tower, rotor with three blades connected at the
generator (WTG)	hub, nacelle and ancillary electrical and other equipment which may
	include J-tube(s), transition piece, access and rest platforms, access
	ladders, boat access systems, corrosion protection systems, fenders and
	maintenance equipment, helicopter landing facilities and other associated
	equipment, fixed to a foundation



1 Introduction

1.1 Project Background

- 1. GT R4 Limited (trading as Outer Dowsing Offshore Wind) hereafter referred to as the 'Applicant', is proposing to develop Outer Dowsing Offshore Wind ('the Project'). The Project will be located approximately 54km from the Lincolnshire coastline in the southern North Sea. The Project will include both offshore and onshore infrastructure including an offshore generating station (windfarm), export cables to landfall, Offshore Reactive Compensation Platforms (ORCPs), onshore cables, connection to the electricity transmission network, ancillary and associated development and areas for the delivery of up to two Artificial Nesting Structures (ANS) and the creation of a biogenic reef (if these compensation measures are deemed to be required by the Secretary of State (SoS) (see Volume 1, Chapter 3: Project Description (Document Reference 6.1.3) for full details).
- 2. The Report to Inform Appropriate Assessment (RIAA) undertaken for the Project concluded that an Adverse Effect on Integrity (AEoI) could be ruled out alone and in-combination for the guillemot feature at Flamborough and Filey Coast (FFC) Special Protection Area (SPA) (including as part of the seabird assemblage) and the guillemot feature at the Farne Islands SPA. However, cognisant of previous decisions reached by the Secretary of State (SoS) and consultation with Natural England, the Applicant has developed potential compensation measures for the FFC SPA and the Farne Islands SPA in the event that the Project is required to provide compensation for impacts to the guillemot feature of the FFC SPA (including as part of the assemblage) and the Farne Islands SPA by the SoS.

1.2 Document Overview and Purpose

- 3. This document sets out the outline for the Guillemot Compensation Implementation and Monitoring Plan (GCIMP) that will be developed by the Applicant, in consultation with the proposed Guillemot Compensation Steering Group (GCSG), should consent for the Project be granted and compensation for guillemot be required. The final GCIMP will be developed in accordance with the Guillemot Compensation Plan (GCP) (document 7.7.2) which provides the detailed delivery strategy supporting the potential compensation measures for guillemot.
- 4. The GCIMP will include details, where relevant for each measure to be taken forward, of the:
 - Scale and location;
 - Design;
 - Delivery process;
 - Delivery timeframe;
 - Monitoring and adaptive management; and
 - Reporting.

Document Reference: 7.7.2.1



2 Background

5. This section will provide context to the GCIMP, confirming the reason for its need, its aims and objectives, and the latest project status.



3 Consultation

6. This section will summarise all relevant consultation that has taken place through the GCSG in the development of the GCIMP. It will capture any key decisions, agreements, and where relevant any outstanding issues under discussion (with clarity as to the steps necessary to resolve any such matters). Ongoing engagement, for example to provide updates on monitoring, (post-discharge of the GCIMP) will be outlined here.



4 Predator Control

4.1 Scale and Location of Compensation

7. This section will identify the scale of compensation proposed to be provided and how this relates to the consent decision made by the SoS. This section will also detail the specific location(s) at which the compensation will be delivered, the suitability of the sites to deliver the compensation measures, and how the necessary rights in those locations have been secured. The evidence base included in support of the measures set out in Predator Control Evidence Base and Roadmap (document reference 7.7.5) will help inform these aspects.

4.2 Design

8. This section will identify the design of the selected measure, including the high-level structural design and the ecological design considerations, including initial eradication measures and ongoing control measures to ensure the maximum chance of success of the compensation measure. The evidence base included in support of the measures set out in Predator Control Evidence Base and Roadmap (document reference 7.7.5) will help inform these aspects.

4.3 Delivery Process

9. This section will identify the delivery process, including nature and status of all consents, commercial agreements and other relevant approvals that may be necessary for the compensation measure and a programme for any outstanding consents. The GCP (document reference 7.7.2) will help inform these aspects.

4.4 Delivery Timeframe

10. This section will identify the proposed timeframe for implementation and long-term delivery of the compensation measure.

4.5 Monitoring and Adaptive Management

11. This section will identify the monitoring and adaptive management principles and processes that have been agreed with the GCSG, including the scenarios under which adaptive management measures are required. It will be developed taking into account the evidence base that has been provided in support of the GCP (Predator Control Evidence Base and Roadmap (document reference 7.7.5)). Following discharge of the GCIMP, the GCSG will be engaged in relation to implementing adaptive management if required as outlined in the Consultation section above.

4.6 Reporting

Document Reference: 7.7.2.1

12. This section will set out the reporting requirements associated with the monitoring and adaptive management. In doing so, it will confirm the necessary objectives and timescales for the reporting.



4.7 Data sharing

11.13. All data collected during monitoring programmes associated with the delivery of measures (including pre-implementation) will be regularly submitted to the Marine Data Exchange and relevant Local Environmental Records Centre.



5 Disturbance Reduction and Habitat Improvement

5.1 Scale and Location of Compensation

12.14. This section will identify the scale of compensation proposed to be provided, and how this relates to the consent decision made by the Secretary of State. This section will then also detail the specific location(s) at which the compensation will be delivered and the suitability of identified sites to deliver the compensation measure.

5.2 Design

13.15. This section will identify the design for the disturbance reduction and habitat improvement measure on a site-by-site basis (dependent on the scale of compensation and therefore sites required). The evidence base provided in support of the GCP (Additional Measures for Guillemot and Razorbill (document reference 7.7.6)) and engagement with the GCSG will be important in informing the specific design aspects of this measure.

5.3 Delivery Process

14.16. This section will identify the delivery process, including nature and status of all consents, commercial agreements and other relevant approvals that may be necessary for the compensation measure and a programme for any outstanding consents. The GCP (document reference 7.7.2) will help inform these aspects.

5.4 Delivery Timeframe

<u>15.17.</u> This section will identify the proposed timeframe for implementation and long-term delivery of the compensation measure.

5.5 Monitoring and Adaptive Management

18. This section will identify the monitoring and adaptive management principles and processes that have been agreed with the GCSG, including the scenarios under which adaptive management measures are required. It will be developed taking into account the evidence base that has been provided in support of the GCP (Additional Measures for Guillemot and Razorbill (document reference 7.7.6)). Following discharge of the GCIMP, the GCSG will be engaged in relation to implementing adaptive management if required as outlined in the Consultation section above.

5.6 Reporting

19. This section will set out the reporting requirements associated with the monitoring and adaptive management. In doing so, it will confirm the necessary objectives and timescales for the reporting.



5.7 Data sharing

20. All data collected during monitoring programmes associated with the delivery of measures (including pre-implementation) will be regularly submitted to the Marine Data Exchange and relevant Local Environmental Records Centre.

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6 Artificial Nesting Structures

6.1 Scale and Location of Compensation

- 16.21. This section will identify the scale of compensation proposed to be provided, and how this relates to the consent decision made by the Secretary of State. This section will then also detail the specific location(s) at which the compensation will be delivered and the suitability of identified sites to deliver the compensation measure.
- 17.22. If the Applicant has elected to pay a contribution to the Marine Recovery Fund ("MRF") or equivalent fund then this section shall include the sum of the contribution as agreed between the Applicant and Defra in consultation with the GCSG.
- 18.23. If the Applicant has elected to pay a contribution to an alternative strategic system for the delivery of this measure, then this section shall include the sum of the contribution as agreed between the Applicant and the relevant stakeholder in consultation with the GCSG.

6.2 Design of Artificial Nesting Structure

19.24. This section will identify the design for each structure provided within the compensation package, including the high-level structural design and the guillemot ecological design considerations which have been integrated to ensure the compensation measure has the maximum potential for success. The evidence base provided in support of the Guillemot Compensation Plan GCP (Artificial Nesting Structures Evidence Base and Roadmap (document reference 7.7.4)) and engagement with the GCSG will be important in informing the specific design aspects of the structure.

6.3 Delivery Process

20.25. This section will identify the delivery process, including nature and status of all consents, commercial agreements and other relevant approvals that may be necessary for the compensation measure and a programme for any outstanding consents. The GCP (document reference 7.7.2) will help inform these aspects.

6.4 Delivery Timeframe

21.26. This section will identify the proposed timeframe for implementation and long-term delivery of the compensation measure.

6.5 Monitoring and Adaptive Management

22.27. This section will identify the monitoring and adaptive management principles and processes that have been agreed with the GCSG, including the scenarios under which adaptive management measures are required. It will be developed taking into account the evidence base that has been provided in support of the GCP. Following discharge of the GCIMP, the GCSG will be engaged in relation to implementing adaptive management if required as outlined in the Consultation section above.

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6.6 Reporting

28. This section will set out the reporting requirements associated with the monitoring and adaptive management. In doing so, it will confirm the necessary objectives and timescales for the reporting.

6.7 Data sharing

29. All data collected during monitoring programmes associated with the delivery of measures (including pre-implementation) will be regularly submitted to the Marine Data Exchange and relevant Local Environmental Records Centre.